

Mineral Industry Surveys

For information, contact:

David E. Guberman, Lead Commodity Specialist U.S. Geological Survey 989 National Center Reston, VA 20192

Telephone: (703) 648-4977, Fax: (703) 648-7757

E-mail: dguberman@usgs.gov

Elsie D. Isaac (Data) Telephone: (703) 648-7966 Fax: (703) 648-7975

E-mail: eisaac@usgs.gov

Internet: http://minerals.usgs.gov/minerals

LEAD IN OCTOBER 2010

Domestic mine production (recoverable) of lead in October was 31,300 metric tons (t), according to the U.S. Geological Survey. Average daily mine production in October was 1,010 t, up slightly from that in September 2010. Year-to-date mine production through October 2010 was about 9% less than that of the same period of 2009. Secondary refinery production of lead increased by 6% compared with that of the previous month. Secondary refinery production through October 2010 was slightly less than that in the corresponding period of 2009.

Total imports of lead for consumption for the year to date through September 2010 were about 10% higher than those in the same period of 2009. Canada (87%) and Mexico (11%) were the principal sources of imported refined lead for the year through September 2010. Exports of lead ore and concentrates increased by 161% from those of the previous month. During the first 9 months of the year, total exports of lead ore and concentrates increased by 6% from those during the same period of 2009. Lead scrap exports through the first 9 months of 2010 were 65% less than those during the same period of 2009.

The average Platts Metals Week North American producer price for lead in October 2010 was \$1.15 per pound, up 12% from that of the previous month and 4% higher than that in October 2009. The London Metal Exchange (LME) cash price of lead in October 2010 averaged \$2,379 per metric ton, up by 9% from that of the previous month and 6% higher than that in October 2009. Global LME lead stocks at the end of October 2010 were 199,725 t, 3% greater than those at the end of September 2010 and 54% greater than those at month-end October 2009.

Teck Resources Ltd. (Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada) reported that lead in concentrate production at its Red Dog Mine in northwestern Alaska was 26,300 t in the third quarter of 2010, 17% less than that in the same period of 2009. Year-to-date lead in concentrate production through September 2010 was 92,600 t, about 3% less than that in the corresponding period of 2009. Lead grades declined in the third quarter of 2010 compared with the same period last year. Teck was mining at the edges of the main pit, which made separating ore from waste difficult. Production at the main pit was expected to end by 2012, and the

company was transitioning to mining ore from the adjacent Aqqaluk deposit. Teck expected that higher grade ore from Aqqaluk would account for approximately 65% of total throughput at Red Dog in 2011 and 100% of mine production in 2012 (Teck Resources Ltd., 2010, p. 19-20).

In early October, Doe Run Resources Corp. (St. Louis, MO) reached an agreement with the U.S. Department of Justice, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to spend approximately \$65 million to correct violations of several environmental laws at 10 of its lead mining, milling, and smelting facilities in southeast Missouri. The company will pay a \$7 million civil penalty for violating several environmental regulations. The civil penalty payment was to be split evenly between the Federal and State governments. Doe Run also decided that it would shut down operations at its Herculaneum primary lead smelter by yearend 2013 instead of installing pollution control technologies that would reduce emissions. Herculaneum was the only primary lead smelter operating in the United States in 2010. The smelter was to operate with an EPA-mandated 117,935-t annual production limit until it is closed. The company also agreed to provide an initial \$8.14 million in financial assurance to guarantee cleanup work at the Herculaneum facility, \$23.7 million on upgrades at its other production facilities, and to establish a \$28 to \$33 million assurance trust fund for the continued cleanup of mining and milling facilities in Missouri (Schier, 2010: U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, 2010).

References Cited

Schier, Thorsten, 2010, Doe Run to upgrade plants, close Herculaneum in EPA settlement: American Metal Market, October 8. (Accessed December 8, 2010, via http://www.amm.com.)

Teck Resources Ltd., 2010, Results for the three months ended September 30, 2010: Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, Teck Resources Ltd. news release, October 26, 52 p.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 2010, North America's largest lead producer to spend \$65 million to correct environmental violations at Missouri facilities: Washington, DC, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency news release, October 8, 3 p.

 $\label{eq:table 1} \textbf{TABLE 1}$ SALIENT LEAD STATISTICS IN THE UNITED STATES 1

(Metric tons, lead content, unless otherwise specified)

	2009		2010		
	January-				January-
	Year	October	September	October	October
Production:					
Mine (recoverable)	395,000	338,000	30,100 ^r	31,300	307,000
Secondary refinery:					
Reported by smelters/refineries	1,120,000	932,000	93,400	99,200	923,000
Estimated	11,200	9,320	934	992	10,100
Recovered from copper-base scrap ^e	15,000	12,500	1,250	1,250	12,500
Total secondary	1,150,000	954,000	95,600	101,000	946,000
Consumption:					
Reported	1,380,000	1,150,000	112,000 ^r	114,000	1,130,000
Undistributed ^e	41,500	34,600	3,420 °	3,410	34,000
Total	1,430,000	1,190,000	118,000 ^r	117,000	1,170,000
Stocks, end of period, consumers and secondary smelters	61,700	55,200	59,800 r	60,600	60,600
Imports for consumption:					
Base bullion	844	710	16	NA	162^{-2}
Refined metal	251,000	204,000	20,700	NA	203,000 2
Exports:					
Ore and concentrate	287,000	261,000	67,700	NA	219,000 2
Bullion	34	34		NA	1 2
Wrought and unwrought lead	82,000	73,200	12,400	NA	59,900 ²
TEL/TML preparations, based on lead compounds	2,070	2,000	39	NA	664 2
Scrap (gross weight)	140,000	121,000	1,680	NA	38,400 2
Platts Metals Week North American producer					
price (cents per pound)	86.87	82.03	102.24	114.73	106.58

^eEstimated. ^rRevised. NA Not available. -- Zero.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits, except prices; may not add to totals shown.

 $^{^2}$ Includes data for January-September only; October 2010 data were not available at time of publication.

TABLE 2 MONTHLY AVERAGE LEAD PRICES

	North American	London Metal Exchange		Sterling
	producer price	ca	ash	exchange rate
	¢/lb	\$/metric ton	£/metric ton	\$/£
2009:				
September	107.80	2,203.82	1,348.43	1.634360
October	110.79	2,240.00	1,389.69	1.611869
November	111.03	2,308.19	1,390.84	1.659562
December	111.11	2,327.76	1,431.91	1.625638
January-December	86.87	1,718.49	1,086.44	1.564528
2010:				
January	111.24	2,367.70	1,464.68	1.616535
February	110.35	2,122.45	1,358.72	1.562100
March	110.53	2,171.66	1,443.00	1.504961
April	110.88	2,264.48	1,526.82	1.483130
May	109.46	1,882.18	1,285.55	1.464105
June	105.49	1,703.39	1,154.71	1.475168
July	95.11	1,836.40	1,201.59	1.528305
August	95.79	2,074.77	1,324.67	1.566257
Sepember	102.24	2,183.69	1,403.42	1.555982
October	114.73	2,379.01	1,500.04	1.585957
January-October	106.58	2,098.57	1,366.32	1.534250

Source: Platts Metals Week.

 ${\it TABLE~3}$ Consumption of purchased lead-base ${\it SCRAP}^{\rm l}$

(Metric tons, gross weight)

	Stocks			Stocks	
	September 30,	Net		October 31,	
Item	2010	receipts	Consumption	2010	
Battery-lead	20,700 ^r	94,800	92,600	23,000	
Soft lead	W	W	W	W	
Drosses and residues	W	W	W	W	
Other ²	917	6,470	6,720	665	
Total	21,600	101,000	99,300	23,600	
Percent change from preceding month ³	XX	-2.5	-0.3	+9.4	

^rRevised. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included with "Other." XX Not applicable.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes solder, common babbitt, antimonial lead, cable covering, type metals, and other lead-base scrap.

³Based on unrounded data; preceding monthly data may have been revised.

TABLE 4 LEAD, TIN, AND ANTIMONY RECOVERED FROM LEAD-BASE SCRAP IN OCTOBER 2010^1

(Metric tons)

	Secondary metal content					
Product recovered	Lead	Tin	Antimony			
Soft and calcium lead	51,800					
Remelt lead	W					
Antimonial lead	15,500	(2)	(2)			
Other ³	31,900	(2)	(2)			
Total lead-base	99,200	125	203			

W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Other."

 ${\bf TABLE~5}$ CONSUMPTION OF LEAD IN THE UNITED STATES 1

(Metric tons, lead content)

	2009				
	January-	January-	-		January-
Use	December	October	September	October	October
Metal products:					
Ammunition, shot and bullets	70,500	61,300	6,270	5,570	62,000
Brass and bronze, billet and ingots	3,920	3,280	233	233	2,370
Cable covering, power and communication	-				
and caulking lead, building construction	5,830	5,030	613 ^r	1,120	6,660
Casting metals	20,100	16,700	1,340	1,340	12,200
Sheet lead, pipes, traps and other extruded products	27,100	22,500	2,330	2,270	26,300
Solder	7,270	6,120	687	687	7,180
Storage batteries, including oxides	1,210,000	1,010,000	99,500 ^r	99,800	986,000
Terne metal, type metal, and other metal products ²	16,700	13,900	1,220	1,220	12,400
Total metal products	1,360,000	1,130,000	112,000 ^r	112,000	1,110,000
Other oxides and miscellaneous	21,300	18,100	1,970	1,580	19,100
Total reported	1,380,000	1,150,000	114,000 ^r	114,000	1,130,000
Undistributed ^e	41,500	34,600	3,420 °	3,410	34,000
Grand total	1,430,000	1,190,000	118,000 r	117,000	1,170,000

^eEstimated. ^rRevised.

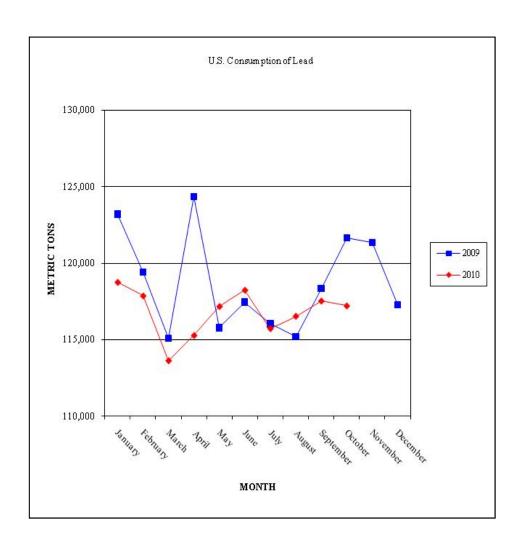
¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown

²Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total."

 $^{^3\}mbox{Includes}$ cable lead, lead-base babbitt, solder, type metals, and other products.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Includes lead consumed in foil, collapsible tubes, annealing, plating, galvanizing, and fishing weights.



 ${\it TABLE~6}$ Consumer and secondary smelter stocks, receipts, and consumption of ${\it LEAD}^1$

(Metric tons, lead content)

	Stocks			Stocks
	September 30,	Net		October 31,
Type of material	2010	receipts	Consumption	2010
Soft lead	34,900 ^r	74,500	74,500	34,900
Antimonial lead	15,400	21,500	20,700	16,200
Lead alloys	W	W	W	W
Copper-base scrap	W	W	W	W
Total	59,800 ^r	115,000	114,000	60,600

^rRevised. W Withheld to avoid disclosing company proprietary data; included in "Total."

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits.

 $\label{eq:table 7} \text{U.S. EXPORTS OF LEAD, BY CLASS}^1$

(Metric tons unless otherwise specified)

	2009			2010		
		January-		January-		
	Year	September	August	September	September	
Lead content:						
Ore and concentrates	287,000	207,000	25,900	67,700	219,000	
Bullion	34	25	1		1	
Materials excluding scrap	82,000	67,700	6,310	12,400	59,900	
TEL/TML preparations, based						
on lead compounds	2,070	1,870	88	39	664	
Total	371,000	276,000	32,300	80,000	279,000	
Gross weight, scrap	140,000	108,000	2,820	1,680	38,400	
Spent lead-acid batteries, used for	:					
starting engines (units)	7,300,000	3,550,000	1,410,000	1,630,000	11,000,000	

⁻⁻ Zero.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

TABLE 8 $\label{eq:u.s.} \text{U.s. IMPORTS FOR CONSUMPTION BY TYPE OF MATERIALS AND BY } \\ \text{COUNTRY OF ORIGIN}^1$

(Metric tons, lead content)

	2	009	2010			
		January-			January-	
Country of origin	Year	September	August	September	September	
Ore, matte, etc., Canada	1,490	1,490				
Base bullion:						
Mexico	810	675		16	124	
Other	34	34			38	
Total	844	710		16	162	
Pigs and bars:						
Canada	205,000	145,000	14,300	18,800	176,000	
Mexico	41,100	32,700	2,360	1,670	22,900	
Peru	991	991				
Other	4,020	3,600	299	180	4,240	
Total	251,000	182,000	16,900	20,700	203,000	
Grand total	253,000	185,000	16,900	20,700	203,000	

⁻⁻ Zero

Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

 $^{^{1}\}mbox{Data}$ are rounded to more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.

²Less than ½ unit.

¹Data are rounded to no more than three significant digits; may not add to totals shown.